

Question Paper Code: X 60465

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOV./DEC. 2020

Seventh Semester

Electronics and Communication Engineering EC 2403/EC 73/10144 EC 703 – RF AND MICROWAVE ENGINEERING (Regulations 2008/2010)

(Common to PTEC 2403 – RF and Microwave Engineering for B.E. (Part-Time) Sixth Semester Electronics and Communication Engineering – Regulations 2009)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Smith Chart is to be provided Answer ALL questions

PART - A

 $(10\times2=20 \text{ Marks})$

1. Find the 'S' parameters for the following network.

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
1 & 2 \\
\hline
175 \Omega & Z_0 = 75 \Omega \\
0
\end{array}$$

- 2. Identify the type of component with S parameters of S_{11} = S_{12} = 0, $S_{21} \neq S_{22}$.
- 3. Define transducer power gain.
- 4. Give the expression that relates nodal quality factor (Q_n) with loaded quality factor (Q_L) .
- 5. Give the significance of Rat-race junctions.
- 6. Power at the input port is 900 mw. If this power is incident on 20 dB coupler with directivity 40 dB, what is the coupled power and transmitted power?
- 7. Draw the equivalent circuit of varactor diode.
- 8. What is the need for matching network?
- 9. Enumerate the significance of slow wave structures in TWTs.
- 10. List a few sensors used for microwave power measurement.

(8)

PART – B (5×16=80 Marks) 11. a) i) Explain the properties of S-matrix and hence S-matrix representation of n-port network. (8) ii) If the impedance matrix of a simple device is \[\begin{array}{c} 4 & 2 \ 2 & 4 \end{array} \], find its scattering matrix. (OR) b) i) Derive the S-matrices of linear lossless microwave devices. ii) What are transmission matrices? Explain them and obtain their relationship with S-matrix. (8) 12. a) i) Write the mathematical analysis of amplifier stability.

b) Using the Smith chart design any two possible configuration of discrete two element matching networks to match the source impedance $Z_s = (50 + j25)\Omega$ to the load $Z_L = (25 - j50)\Omega$. Assume the characteristic impedance of $Z_0 = 50\Omega$ and operating frequency of 2 GHz. (16)

ii) Design a microwave amplifier for maximum transducer power gain.

13. a) Describe the following with neat sketch

- i) Magic Tee. (8)
- ii) Directional coupler. (8)

(OR)

(OR)

b) Explain the operation of following microwave passive devices.

- i) Circulator. (8)
- ii) Isolator. (8)

14. a) With the acid of suitable sketch discuss construction, materials, characteristics and working of IMPATT diode.

(OR)

- b) With the help of two-valley theory, explain how negative resistance is created in Gunn diodes.
- 15. a) Explain the working principle of Travelling Wave Tube Amplifier (TWTA). (16)
 - b) Explain the working principle of reflex Klystron oscillator and derive the expression for power and efficiency. (16)
